## ● PRINTER RUSH ● (PTO ASSISTANCE)

Application :	09/60335	<b>5</b> Examiner :	Sam, P	GAU:	2661	
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	SPEC					
[RUSH] MESSAGE: Improper Dependency: Original Claim 28 depends on cancelled						
original claim 23. Please Resolve						
Thank You Selo						
[XRUSH] RESPONSE: Discussed this error with Me. Lindsay Co. Mc Chinness, attorney for applicant(s) on 1/18/05. She requests						
the examiner, Phiring Sam to correct this error by examiner's						
amendment. Merefere, Claim 28 should depend on claim 22.						
P. Sam						
INITIALS:						

NOTE: This form will be included as part of the official USPTO record, with the Response document coded as XRUSH.

REV 10/04

Serial No. 09/603355

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Art Unit: 2661

22. (original) A method of switching traffic in a packet-switched network having a plurality of nodes interconnected by links, the method comprising the steps of:

upon detection of a failure of a link connecting a pair of adjacent nodes, encapsulating packets within the bodies of tunnel packets and forwarding the tunnel packets along a predefined protection path which bypasses the failed link, including upon receipt of a tunnel packet by one of the adjacent nodes along a protection path, the recipient node retrieving the encapsulated packet and routing it as a function of a destination specified in the header of the encapsulated packet.

## 23. (canceled).

- 24. (currently amended) A method as claimed in claim 22 23, wherein each packet comprises a header specifying the identity of a source node and a destination node associated with the packet.
- 25. (original) A method as claimed in claim 24, wherein the source and destination nodes associated with each tunnel packet correspond to the nodes at either end of the protected link.
- 26. (original) A method as claimed in claim 24, wherein the header of each packet further specifies the nature of the packet as a tunnel packet or a non-tunnel packet.
- 27. (original) A method as claimed in claim 26, wherein the header of each tunnel packet specifies the identity of the protection path along which it is sent.
- 28. (original) A method as claimed in claim 23, wherein all packets are Internet protocol (IP) datagrams.
- 29. (original) A packet-switched network comprising a plurality of nodes interconnected by links, wherein pre-defined protection paths provide protection of a selected plurality of links and wherein adjacent nodes connected by a protected link are adapted to detect a failure of the

